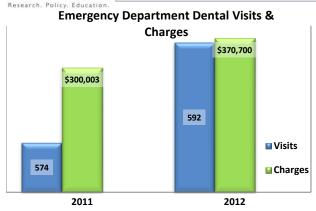
NASSAU COUNTY ORAL HEALTH FACT SHEET¹

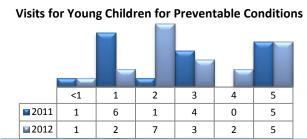
EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT USE BY RESIDENTS FOR PREVENTABLE CONDITIONS: 2011 & 2012



Ambulatory Care Sensitive oral health conditions (ACS) are those considered largely avoidable with adequate prevention and primary care. The use of hospital emergency departments – among the most expensive form of medical care – for the treatment of ACS conditions may indicate lack of access to primary dental care. Among the reasons Floridians do not receive regular preventive care include lack of dental coverage for adult Medicaid patients, lack of private-practice dentists willing to accept Medicaid's low payment rates, lack of county health department resources, lack of affordable dental insurance or inability to meet high co-pays, and lack of awareness of the importance of dental health to overall health.

Floridians absorb the cost of Medicaid and uninsured ER dental visits in several ways including higher health insurance premiums and healthcare costs, increased tax dollars needed to fund the state Medicaid program, increased local tax dollars to support local public hospitals, and lost productivity.

						Charges by Payor &					
Visits by Payor & Age						Age					
	0-19	19-34	35-49	50-64	65+		0-19	20-34	35-49	50-64	65+
2011	59	302	164	44	5	2011	31,238	152,917	86,944	26,039	2,865
Medicaid/Managed	34	78	33	6	0	Medicaid/Managed	20,713	47,664	11,527	1,800	-
Commercial	3	31	24	9	0	Commercial	3,275	22,708	23,872	11,389	-
Self-Pay/Uninsured	18	184	95	20	0	Self-Pay/Uninsured	5,407	75,842	39,887	6,922	-
Medicare/Managed	0	2	8	6	5	Medicare/Managed	-	1,570	10,219	3,470	2,865
All Other	4	7	4	3	0	All Other	1,843	5,133	1,439	2,458	-
2012	70	317	134	50	21	2012	56,582	183,133	68,656	34,001	28,328
Medicaid/Managed	39	74	27	6	0	Medicaid/Managed	36,941	38,492	9,341	2,839	-
Commercial	8	18	15	5	1	Commercial	6,860	10,653	13,613	3,141	4,020
Self-Pay/Uninsured	21	214	73	32	1	Self-Pay/Uninsured	11,476	123,951	28,455	20,114	252
Medicare/Managed	0	5	13	5	19	Medicare/Managed	-	1,425	13,454	7,002	24,056
All Other	2	6	6	2	0	All Other	1,305	8,612	3,793	905	-



Charges for Young Children for Preventable Conditions <1 4 **≥**2011 \$596 \$3,322 \$549 \$1,921 \$0 \$7,407 ≥ 2012 \$374 \$1,322 \$4,361 \$1,441 \$748 \$3,323

Highest ED Dental ACS Visits by Zip Code									
	2011		2012						
	Visits	Charges	Visits	Charges					
32034	214	88,376	269	143,226					
32097	149	83,526	140	82,322					
32011	106	55,208	107	95,127					
32046	50	37,751	48	35,719					
32009	46	26,349	11	6,942					
32035	5	1,726	5	1,924					
32041	4	7,067	12	5,440					

Indicators to consider in shaping policies to increase the overall health of Floridians while decreasing costs to the state's healthcare system:

Policy Indicators

- High numbers of Medicaid patients visiting the ER for ACS dental problems suggest a lack of access to dentists or oral healthcare clinics accepting Medicaid for both preventative care and for treatment.
 - ER visits during the regular work day and traditional business hours, combined with ACS diagnoses, suggest visits being made to the ER in lieu of a clinic or dental office.
 - Rates of adult tooth decay are higher in older adults yet patients aged 20 to 34 years comprise the largest segment of ER visits, suggesting that lack of dental insurance or an inability to meet high co-pays is driving such visits.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Source: Emergency Room Database, Florida Agency on Health Care Administration

² Ambulatory care sensitive dental conditions, i.e. "preventable condition," are based on the ICD-9 (International Classification of Diseases, 9th Edition) codes from the published work of Dr. John Billings http://wagner.nyu.edu/files/admissions/acs_codes.pdf).